## Learning Targets

Students will be able to:

- Recognize the difference between compound and simple interest
- Know the definitions of rate, time and principal
- Successfully use the rule of 72 to find out how long it will take an investment to double


## FAST FACTS: SUCCESS STARTER, CHOOSE ONE FACT THAT STANDS OUT TO AND EXPLAIN WHY. .

- People spend on average $50 \%$ more when using a credit card than using cash (AARP, 2012)
- 66 million Americans say they have no emergency fund (CNBC, 2016).
- Nearly 7 out of 10 Americans have less than $\$ 1,000$ in savings (Fool.com, 2015).
- Teens (14-18) help drive the economy. They bring a total of \$91 billion in income every year (Credit Donkey, 2014)


## Link for notes to follow along

https://docs.google.com/document/d/19qGTjNNOffgvW3sYwu-1XPkG9K_Ab9-cq 55NV8b9Jgo/edit?usp=sharing

## Differences in Interest

Simple interest:
Interest paid one time a year on the average balance in a savings account.

## Compound interest:

Interest paid on principal and on previously earned interest, assuming the interest is left in the account.

## Interest $=$ Principal $\mathbf{X}$ Rate $\mathbf{X}$ Time ( $\mathrm{I}=\mathrm{PRT}$ )

|  | Principal | Rate | Time |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Definition | Money you <br> have in your <br> account | \% bank will pay <br> you on the \$ in <br> your account | Time period the <br> interest is <br> figured on |
| Examples | n/a | n/a | Daily $1 / 365$ <br> Monthly $1 / 12$ <br> Quarterly $1 / 4$ <br> Semiannually $1 / 2$ <br> Annually 1 |

## $\mathrm{P}=\$ 100 ; \mathrm{R}=8 \%$

| Year | Simple Interest <br> Adds | Total Saving <br> Using Simple <br> Interest | Compound <br> Interest Adds | Total Saving <br> Using <br> compound <br> Interest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\$ 8$ | $\$ 108$ | $\$ 8$ | $\$ 108$ |
| 2 | $\$ 8$ | $\$ 116$ | $\$ 9$ | $\$ 117$ |
| 3 | $\$ 8$ | $\$ 124$ | $\$ 9$ | $\$ 126$ |
| 4 | $\$ 8$ | $\$ 132$ | $\$ 10$ | $\$ 136$ |
| 5 | $\$ 8$ | $\$ 140$ | $\$ 11$ | $\$ 147$ |

## Rule of 72

- Rule of 72 is a simple way to illustrate the magic of compound interest.
- Rule of 72 calculates how long it will take you to double your money
- $72 \div$ interest rate
- How long would it take $\$ 100$ to increase to $\$ 200$ if your savings account is paying $5 \%$ ?
- $72 / 5=14.4$ years


## Example of Rule 72

## Rule of 72 problems

- How long would it take for an investment of 1,000 to turn into 2,000 assuming a $10 \%$ rate?
- How long would it take for an investment of 10,000 to turn into 20,000 assuming a $15 \%$ rate?
- How long would it take for an investment of 8,000 to turn into 16,000 assuming a $8 \%$ rate?


## Interest Practice problems

https://drive.google.com/file/d/18Z0Xg7wM7hAES36qPnq0396xefX16bhC/view? usp=sharing

